

# MySQL database importeren en exporteren via het controlepaneel.

## 1. U kunt via het controlepaneel de MySQL database benaderen.

Log in op het Controlepaneel.

Klik op More Services | Databases.

The screenshot shows the 'More Services' page in the InterNLnet control panel. The navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Hosted Domains', 'Users', 'Mail', 'Websites', 'Applications', 'More Services', and 'Help & Support'. The 'More Services' section is active. Below the header, there are three service cards: 'Backups', 'AWStats Web Statistics', and 'Databases'. The 'Databases' card is highlighted and contains the text: 'This section allows you to manage your database (s) and its users.'

U ziet hier een of meerdere database names, die u kunt kiezen.

Klik op de Database name

The screenshot shows the 'Databases' page in the InterNLnet control panel. The navigation bar is the same as in the previous screenshot. The 'Databases' section is active. Below the header, there is a table with one database entry. The table has columns for 'ID', 'Database name', 'Type', and 'Status'. The entry shows a database named 'db\_\*\*\*\*\*\_db01' of type 'MySQL' with a status of 'Ready'.

ID	Database name	Type	Status
	db_*****_db01	MySQL	Ready

Vervolgens ziet u de Database info

The screenshot shows the 'Database info' page in the InterNLnet control panel. The navigation bar is the same as in the previous screenshots. The 'Database info' section is active. Below the header, there is a table with database information. The table has columns for 'ID', 'Database name', 'Database type', 'Status', 'Internal hostname', and 'Host port'. The entry shows a database named 'db\_\*\*\*\*\*\_db01' of type 'MySQL' with a status of 'Ready', internal hostname 'ip.getnl', and host port '3306'. There are 'Edit' and 'Delete' buttons at the bottom.

ID	Database name	Database type	Status	Internal hostname	Host port
uw-id	db_*****_db01	MySQL	Ready	ip.getnl	3306

Klik op Browse database manager

Nu zit u in phpMyadmin en kunt u aan de slag met de knoppen Exporteren en Importeren

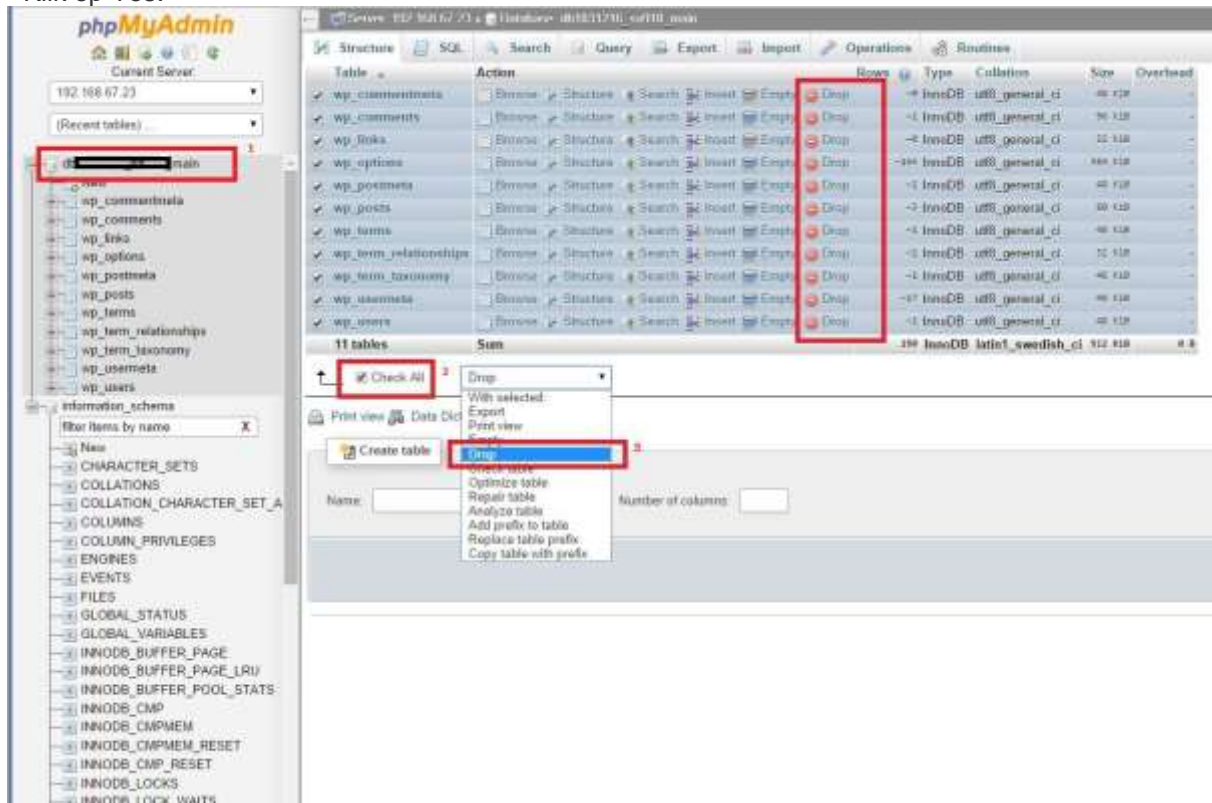
## 2. Exporteren en Importeren

### Importeren MySQL database:

Voordat u de database importeert, kunt u het beste eerst de bestaande tabellen verwijderen.

In MySQL kun je dat doen door het te droppen.

- Selecteer eerst de database
- Plaats een vinkje bij Check All Daarmee kun je alle tabellen tegelijk wissen.
- Kies Drop
- Klik op Yes.



De database is nu leeg.

- De betreffende database, kan nu geïmporteerd worden.
- Klik op Import
- Selecteer de betreffende database en klik op GO.

Importing into the database "db [REDACTED]\_sa [REDACTED]\_main"

**File to import:**

File may be compressed (gzip, bzip2, zip) or uncompressed.  
A compressed file's name must end in `[format].[compression]`. Example: `.sql.zip`

Browse your computer: **Bestand kiezen** 1 Geen bestand gekozen (Max: 1,024MB)

Character set of the file: `utf-8`

**Partial import:**

Allow the interruption of an import in case the script detects it is close to the PHP timeout limit. (This might be a good way to import large files, however it can break transactions.)

Number of rows to skip, starting from the first row:

**Format:**

`SQL`

**Format-Specific Options:**

SQL compatibility mode: `NONE`

Do not use `auto_increment` for zero values

**Go** 2

- Na een succesvolle import verschijnt de melding Import has been successfully finished

### Export MySQL database

U kunt via het controlepaneel de MySQL exporteren

- Kies in phpMyAdmin de juiste database
- Klik op Exporteren
- Kies daar de gewenste exportmethode
- Klik op Start om de export te starten.