

SPIRAL LOOP FROG

Beginning at lower edge, wind cording into a clockwise spiral, three loops (the 2nd forms the buttonhole), and end with another clockwise spiral



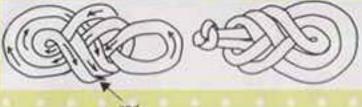




FISHTAIL FROG/BUTTON

Work as shown, pinning the outer loop in place. Work each subsequent loop inside the previous loop

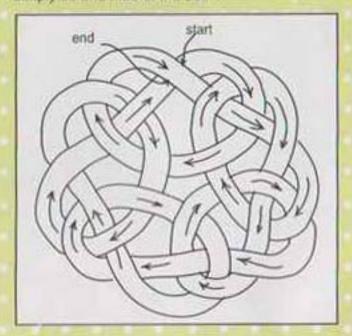






CELTIC STONEWORK KNOT

This knot can be of any size, from a 3" diameter to a 12" diameter. Knit cording to desired length. Beginning and ending at the top, work in "under, over" motions to form intertwined knot as shown. Joint CO edge to BO edge with grafting stitch or simply tie and hide at the back.

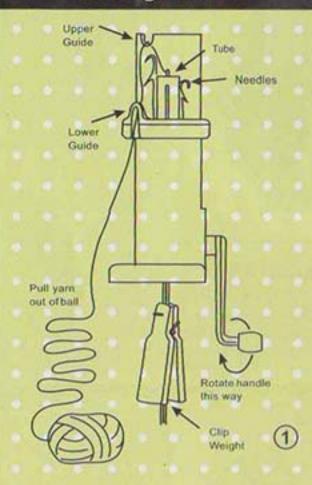


TIP

When applying cording to a garment or other project, use sewing thiread to best conceal the stitching

USING YOUR EMBELLISH-KNIT!

Getting Started



STEP 1

Pull a fewlengths of yarn out of the ball. Thread it through the lower guide, over the upper guide and down through the tube.

Attach the clip weight to the end of the yarn. Hold the yarn with your hand so it does not fall through the tube

Be sure all the needle latches are open.



TIP: The tapestry needle that comes with your machine is designed so you can push open the latches using the top of the needle

READ THIS FIRST!

USE LIGHTWEIGHT YARNS

Thin yarns, such as fingering weight, baby weight or sport weight, work best and look best on a project. DO NOT use standard 4-ply worsted weight or heavier yarn or you can damage your machine.

MAKING YOUR FIRST CORD

To practice, first use the yarn that comes with your machine.

LET THE YARN RUN FREELY

There must be NO tension on the yarn as it feeds into the machine. Be sure to have loose yarn from the ball or skein before knitting

BE SURE THERE IS WEIGHT ON THE CORDING AT ALL TIMES

Be sure the clip is not resting on the table or your lap or your machine will not work properly. Let the weight hang freely and be sure the yarn stays off to your left(if you are right handed) or the right(if you are left handed).

LET THE CORDING UNTWIST AS YOU KNIT

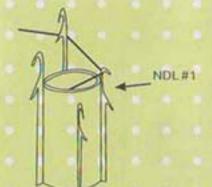
And if you are making a number of yards of cording, roll the knitted cording into a ball and secure with a rubber band. Attach the clip to the cording right under the machine.

TURNING THE HANDLE

Turn the handle in the direction of the arrow only. DO NOT turn the handle backwards.

KEEP THE YARN AND CORD-ING SEPARATE AS YOU KNIT

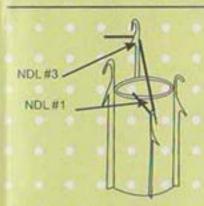
Keep the yarn to one side to avoid twisting around the cording.



STEP 2

Turn the handle slowly in the direction of the arrow (where the handle attaches to the machine) until the first needle catches the yarn.

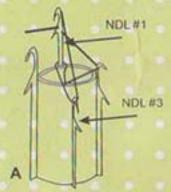




STEP 3

Continue turning the handle slowly. Push the yarn behind the second needle using the top of your tapestry needle. Continue turning the handle until the third needle catches the yarn.



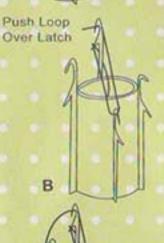


STEP 4A

Continue turning the handle, pushing the yarn behind the fourth needle and continue turning the handle until the first needle catches the yarn again

Be sure the stitch slips below the latch (4). If it does not slip down on its own, push it below the latch using the top of the tapestry needle or your finger (B).



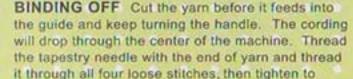


STEP 5

Continue turning the handle slowly until every needle has caught the yarn. Pull down on the yarn coming out or the bottom of the machine every couple turns at the beginning to make sure all the stitches have been formed

Soon the yarn will start to come out of the bottom of the tube. Move the clip up as needed.





close. Weave the end of yarn into the cord.

